

Tips for Success

We Help You Grow Search online "Chinese Money Plant with Devin Wallien" for a tutorial growing video. Further information and growing tips can be found at RobertasUniqueGardens.com & QVC.com

Water Water your plants immediately after taking them out of the box. Give them enough water so that the soil appears damp and water trickles out the bottom of the pot. Watering every couple weeks is generally sufficient for these plants. You may water more often during the summer months, especially if they are outside. And then cut back on water in the winter months.

Plants look Dry or Foliage appears Lackluster Sometimes plants may appear dried out and wilted after the voyage. Do not despair. When this happens the foliage may look lackluster but the rootstock is still perfectly healthy and alive. To plump your plants back up, water them and wait 5 minutes and then water them again. This will generally rehydrate them. Keep these plants well-watered until you can re-plant them into larger containers or in the garden within the next week. If plants arrive dry, it is often because the roots have outgrown the small shipping pots and need more room to grow; roots tend to dry out quickly in small containers. Your plants are very much alive and when you transplant them into larger pots or the earth, they will start growing quickly! So, re-plant them as soon as possible. Remove any yellow or brown foliage.

Foliage Problems If leaves turn brown or crispy it is likely caused by lack of moisture/humidity, or too much salts from over fertilization. If leaves look droopy this is a sign the plant is too dry. Yellowing or mushy foliage indicates overwatering.

Propagation This house plant is a cinch to propagate. Over time little 'baby' 'pups' will start to form at the base of the Pilea. Once you have a pup with a few leaves, carefully dig it out and repot it in a 4-6" pot and you have just created a brand new plant.

One of the hottest houseplants in the country right now! These Pilea Coin Plants are beloved for their robust succulent foliage and ease of growth. When placed in a sunny window, they grow beautifully for many years yielding lovely coin shaped leaves. Perfect coffee table plant, bed side companion, centerpiece to your kitchen table. Also known as the friendship plant because they self-propagate with ease, these are plants that just continue to give and give.



Girl Next Door by Carolyn

PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



Pilea Coin Plant
Pilea peperomioides

Girl Next Door By Carolyn is fulfilled by Roberta's Inc.

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at **1-765-525-4065** during the hours of 8:30 am and 4:30 pm EST.

You can email questions to us at: customerservice@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings, etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within 90 days from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at RobertasUniqueGardens.com.

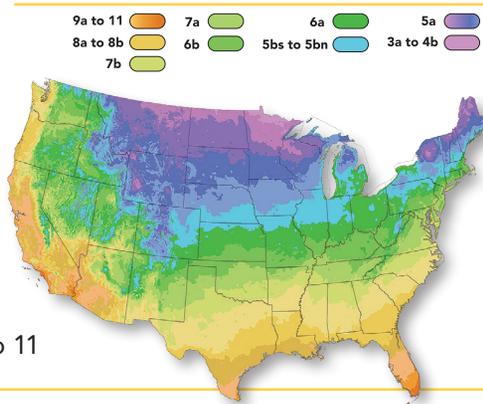
Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.



Visit us at: girlnextdoorplants.com

Quick Reference

-  **Plant Type** Tropical
-  **Light/Sun** Bright Light
-  **Mature Height** 12-24"
-  **Mature Spread** 12-18"
-  **Bloom Time** n/a
-  **USDA Hardiness Zones** 10 to 11



Plant Caretaking

Upon Arrival Please take plants out of the box immediately and remove any shipping materials from around the plants. Give them some water and place them in a warm shaded area for 1-2 days before replanting.

Planting Depth & Spacing These are House Plants and should be planted in containers, unless you live where winter temperatures never dip below 55F. Dig a deep enough hole so that the entire plant easily fits into the hole and the top of the soil line of your plant is flush with the top of the soil in the hole you have dug. It is important that the soil line of your plant does not protrude above the soil line in the container.

Potted Plants Make sure your container has holes to allow excess water to drain. Place one plant in a 6-10" container, or you may plant multiple together in a larger pot.

Soil Preparation A bagged houseplant potting mix is perfect.

Watering It is important to make sure young plants do not experience long periods of dryness. They prefer to be given a chance to dry out between watering. Typically watering every other week is sufficient. However, the more light given, the more often they will need water.

Fertilizer Use Roberta's Bounty a couple weeks after planting and then once or twice a month all summer long.

Pet Considerations Ensure your pets do not consume plants. Some plants are toxic to pets. Do your diligence to protect your pet.

Indoors/Outdoors These plants are great houseplants that can be grown inside year round. Inside the home, bright lighting is best. They will thrive on a south, west, or east facing windowsill. They can handle less lighting but will not grow as quickly. You may place your plants outside during the summer time as long as evening temperatures remain above 55F. This will encourage robust growth. Keep out of direct sunlight while outside.

Winter Care These plants need to stay warm during the winter. If you placed your plants outside during the summer, bring them back indoors once nights start to dip towards 55F. Plants may go into dormancy during the winter causing some leaf loss, this is normal. You can use a single LED bulb about 12-18" away from the plant during the cold, dark months to encourage continued growth.

Planting Steps

Step 1 Remove plants from their box and take off other packing materials. Open your box outside or somewhere you don't mind getting messy, as some of the soil may have been shaken loose in transit.

Step 2 Check if your plant is thirsty. They probably need a nice drink of water after their voyage. If the plant feels light or the soil is dry to the touch, give your plants a watering.

Step 3 Allow your plants time to adjust to their new home before re-planting by placing them in a warm shaded spot for 1-2 days. Then they will be ready for re-planting with renewed vigor.

Step 4 Pull away or cut off any yellow or brown leaves, or any old flowers – this is normal.

Step 5 Transplant into these houseplants containers as soon as possible. Dig holes the width of the root ball and deep enough so that the original top of the soil is flush with the new soil line. Water the new soil before and after planting your plant. This will help the young roots stay hydrated. Once you've placed your plant in the hole, fill in the rest of the hole with extra potting mix, ensuring the entire root system is covered with soil.

