

Tips for Success

We Help You Grow Further information and growing tips can be found at RobertasUniqueGardens.com & QVC.com

Water Water your plants immediately after planting them. Once they begin growing they prefer to stay evenly moist.

Sun or Shade These remarkable plants will do well in a quite sunny garden area as well as a part shade.

First Year Maintenance For perennials, the first year (or sometimes two) will require additional maintenance. During the first season of growth, even if the plant is known to be drought-tolerant, it is very important to water your plants on a regular basis, meaning up to 3-4 times per week. When plants are in their infancy stage, they need to be watered by their caretaker until they've had a chance to build a strong enough root system to subsist on their own. If you are experiencing severe heat, drought like conditions, or your plants appear consistently droopy, you may need to water your plants almost every day.

Winterizing These are winter hardy to zone 5. Let them go dormant in the winter and in the first week of spring cut back any old growth to allow for fresh growth to begin.

Hardy Gloxinia, also known as Flowering Fern, are a classically beloved plant known for their showy tubular blooms. Starting with fresh, healthy tubers, each tuber grows into a dense clump full of lush fern-like foliage. In late Summer sturdy stems full of flower clusters emerge on these compact plants. They're a must have for any cottage garden, rock garden, container garden, or tucked into beds and borders. Their lushness and rich florals truly set our Hardy Gloxinia apart.



Roberta's Gardens PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



Hardy Gloxinia
Incarvillea delavayi

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at **1-765-525-4065** during the hours of 8:30 am and 4:30 pm EST.

You can email questions to us at: customerservice@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings, etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within one year from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at RobertasUniqueGardens.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.

Perennials



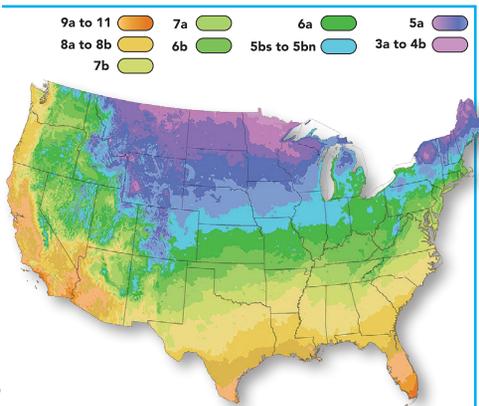
Roberta's Unique Gardens
P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182
Monday – Friday 8:30AM – 4:30PM EST

RobertasUniqueGardens.com

 @robertasgardens  Roberta's Unique Gardens

Quick Reference

-  **Plant Type** Perennial
-  **Light/Sun** Full Sun to Partial Shade
-  **Mature Height** 18"
-  **Mature Spread** 18"
-  **Bloom Time** Late Summer
-  **USDA Hardiness Zones** 5 to 8



Plant Caretaking

Upon Arrival Please take bulbs out of the box immediately and remove any shipping materials from around the plants. If unable to plant right away, you may store them in a cool location for up to 3 weeks.

Planting Depth & Spacing In the garden dig a hole that is about 4 inches deep. Place the bulb in the hole with the pointed side up. Cover the bulb with soil and water in well. Space bulbs about 4 to 6 inches apart.

Potted Plants Make sure your container has holes to allow excess water to drain. Place one bulb in a 6" pot or plant a few together in a larger container.

Soil Preparation If your soil is clayish, amend it with standard potting mix to improve drainage.

Watering To determine if your plant needs water, put your finger in the top of the soil and if the top inch is dry, it is time to water. It is important to make sure young plants do not experience long periods of dryness. However, they also do not like soggy conditions.

Fertilizer Use Roberta's Bounty a couple weeks after planting and then once or twice a month all summer long.

Pet Considerations Ensure your pets do not consume plants. Some plants are toxic to pets. Do your diligence to protect your pet.

Grooming Remove spent flowers when they begin to get floppy. Cut their stems as close to the soil line as possible. Remove any yellowed foliage during the course of the growing season.

Planting Steps

Step 1 Dig a hole deep enough so that bulb can easily fit into the hole with about 2-3" of space above.

Step 2 Place the bulb in the hole with the pointed side up and back fill the hole with soil.

Step 3 Water your plants thoroughly and wait until you see some top growth before watering again.

Step 4 Pull away or cut off any yellow or brown leaves, or any old flowers – this is normal.

Step 5 You may do the same process in a container as well.

