Tulips are the indispensable blooms of the spring garden, as they bring it to life! They are unique in the range of size, shape, and bold color found in almost every color spectrum, that only tulips provide. Tulips are suitable for a wide range of plantings, are excellent in the rock garden, in formal beds, as elegant cut flowers, and for containers. They can be used in nearly any garden design scheme. Flowers are upward facing, with linear to lance-shaped green leaves on the stem. Tulip descriptions can become quite technical, as they are grouped into 15 different divisions, describing the petals, stamens and leaves in detail. Plant several different varieties of tulips throughout the garden to extend the blooming time.

Van Zyverden’s
TULIP IVORY FLORADALE

Received the Royal Horticultural Society’s Award of Garden Merit
Huge 6” diameter blooms
Excellent perennial tulip
About This Variety: Ivory Floradale is a Darwin Hybrid tulip, which is known to perennialize well and perform somewhat better in the southern zones. The blooms are very large, born atop tall, and sturdy stems. These make for an excellent cut flower. Opens creamy, ivory yellow and matures to ivory white. Very elegant and often used at weddings.

Growing Instructions: To ensure optimal results, allow adequate space, sunlight, plant at the appropriate depth, feed with a well balanced fertilizer, removing the flowers as soon as they fade, but allowing the leaves to yellow before removing. Best planted late fall. Some gardeners in some areas treat tulips as annuals. For an informal look, plant in groups in natural swathes or bouquets.

Care Tip: In USDA zones 8-10, refrigerate the bulbs for no less then eight weeks. In the garden, plant them before frost, but not as early as in the northern part of the country. Planting them in a lightly shaded area will keep them cool and prolong blooming.

Exposure: Full sun to partial shade
Height: Grows 19-24” tall
Spacing: Plant 4-8” apart, 4-8” deep
USDA Zones: Hardy in USDA zones 3-7